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CURRENT TOPICS.

MR. STUART CUNNINGHAM MACASKIE, K.C., has been appointed
 Recorder of Sheffield, in the place of his Honour Judge WADDY,
 K.C., resigned.

THE ACT which was passed in July last to suppress the piracy
 of copyright music, which had become a public scandal, came
 into operation last week, and already there have been a large
 number of applications to magistrates for orders authorizing the
 destruction of pirated copies. At first the applicants in many
 cases seemed to be somewhat uncertain as to the evidence
 expected from them; and in particular they expected the
 magistrates to accept their mere statement on oath as
 evidence that the music in question was copyright. They
 have already, however, begun to understand that the copy-
 right must be proved as the law directs before they can
 claim the protection afforded them by the Act. By section 11
 of the Copyright Act, 1842, this is done by the production of
 a copy, certified under the hand of the officer in charge of the
 book of registry kept at Stationers' Hall, and impressed with
 the stamp of the Stationers' Company, of the entries in such
 book relating to the piece of music in question. A magistrate
 has no right to dispense with this legal method of proof; and
 strict proof is all the more necessary because the persons
 adversely affected by these orders are seldom present or
 represented before the court. Owners of copyright have also
 mistaken their position in another way. The Act provides that
 if any person is selling any pirated music, all copies may be
 seized by a constable without warrant, on the request in writing
 of the apparent owner of the copyright. In some of the earliest
 cases it appeared that constables had seized copies on a merely
 verbal request, which is not authorized. It has been suggested
 by one of the metropolitan police magistrates that it would have
 been a great improvement if the Act had provided that every
 copy of music should bear an imprint of the publisher's name.
 If it had also been provided that the absence of such imprint
 should, for the purposes of the Act, be presumptive evidence of
 piracy, the procedure might be much simplified. However, the
 Act seems to be bringing about the desired result; and probably
 after a very few weeks it will have fulfilled its object and will
 seldom be heard of again. The unscrupulous persons who have
 fraudulently flooded the streets with this pirated music will, no
 doubt, find out that only loss can come from the course they have
 been pursuing.

A LETTER which we print elsewhere shews that the Legisla-
 ture have produced by the Land Transfer Acts of 1875 and
 1897 the remarkable result that a purchaser of land may be
 debarred from getting in the legal estate. As we all know,
 section 20 of the Act of 1897 provides that after registration
 has become compulsory in any district, a person is not, under

any conveyance on sale, to acquire the legal estate in any freehold land until he is registered as proprietor. But to discover who may be registered as proprietor we must have recourse to sections 5 and 68 of the Act of 1875. Section 5 relates to persons who are entitled for their own benefit, and section 68 deals with the case of trustees. Under the latter section any trustee having a power of selling land may apply to be registered as proprietor with the consent of the persons (if any) whose consent is required to the exercise of the power of sale. But for a case where trustees have not a power to sell, either with or without consent, no provision seems to be made. In the case referred to by our correspondent, charity trustees have purchased land situated within the area of compulsory registration, and have attempted to comply with the requirements of the Legislature, and to get in the legal estate by registering their title. But having regard to section 29 of the Charitable Trusts Act, 1855, it seems to be doubtful whether they can be registered at all. That section provides that it shall not be lawful for the trustees of a charity to sell otherwise than subject to one of the sanctions therein specified, including the approval of the Charity Commissioners. At the Land Registry the trustees are told that this gives them a power of sale with the consent of the commissioners, and that on their applying for registration with such consent they can be registered. The commissioners, on the other hand, appear to contend that their powers under section 29 are limited to giving approval to sales in particular cases as they arise upon application being made to them, and that they are not simply persons to consent to sales as in an ordinary case of a power of sale with consent. The ground upon which the commissioners take this line is, perhaps, not very clear, and the case is certainly very close to a power of sale with consent. But meanwhile the trustees are in the unfortunate position of not being able to get in the legal estate in the land which they have bought.

PROBABLY EVERY revising barrister who has just finished his task for the year, and has had to revise the lists in rural districts, has had to deal with lists in small parishes which have been very badly prepared by the overseers. This is not in the least to be wondered at by those who know the facts. In some small places it is a matter of difficulty to get anyone to perform the duties of overseer, and they are often undertaken with reluctance by some small farmer, or even working man, whose education has been of a rudimentary nature, and whose occupation in no way tends to foster any latent literary ability which he may possess. To such a man come by post, from the clerk to the county council, certain "precepts." These precepts profess to give him full directions as to the manner in which he is to prepare his lists and as to his other registration duties. The precepts have been issued by the Privy Council under authority of Parliament, and undoubtedly they do contain most full and accurate directions to the overseers. But what use is that if the overseer cannot understand them? They contain a complete digest of registration law, and to the man referred to it would be almost as useful to supply him with copies of the Acts of Parliament, some thirty or so in number, which are digested in these precepts. In fact, the half-educated man who is alone available for the duties of overseer in hundreds of small parishes is utterly unable to comprehend these documents, and is appalled by their bulk. They are, however, excellently drawn; and a man of education and affairs, or a business man, will have no difficulty in grasping their main features, if he takes the trouble to do so. But there ought to be a set of easy and simple rules for the other man, if he is to continue to act. It would be by no means difficult to prepare such rules, explaining to the overseer in the simplest language what he has to do. Even then, no doubt, many mistakes would be made, but a vast amount of trouble would be saved. The Privy Council might well take advantage of their powers to prepare and issue such rules. They should not be in substitution for the existing precepts, but supplementary to them.

A PASSAGE in Lord MACNAGHTEN's judgment in *Keighley, Marted, & Co. v. Durant* (1901, A. C., at p. 248) is a diverting commentary on the fallibility of law reporters in the past.

Referring to *Bird v. Brown* (4 Ex. 786), which was decided in 1850, he says: "The case is instructive, I think, and useful, because it tends to shake one's confidence in the infallibility of reports, which always seem to carry the more weight the less opportunity there is of testing their accuracy. Why should an obscure report be taken for gospel merely because it is old? *Bird v. Brown* was heard before four judges. Only one judgment was given. The Exchequer Reports attribute the judgment to ROLFE, B. The *Law Journal* ascribes it to PARKER, B. The *Jurist* puts it in the mouth of POLLOCK, C.B. No one gives it to the fourth judge; but then there were only three sets of reports current at the time. The WEEKLY REPORTER did not begin till later." This is certainly quaint; but as vol. 4 of the Exchequer Reports was the work of reporters of whom two—Messrs. WELSBY and HURLSTONE—were exceptionally careful and skilful, and as the report of the judgment stated to be delivered by ROLFE, B., would probably be revised by him, we do not think that Lord MACNAGHTEN need have felt much hesitation in attributing the delivery of the judgment to him. But his lordship's remarks contain a useful warning to reporters of the present day. There is a suspicion that occasionally a learned reporter, who thinks that his judge has not sufficiently developed or supported one of the propositions contained in his judgment, takes it upon himself to supply the omission. We believe that, some years ago, this was not uncommon, and that the reporter's judgments were passed by the learned judge, who must have been a good deal surprised with the admirable logic and completeness of his judgments. But it needs a lawyer of great knowledge and ability to do this safely, and even if these qualities are present, the reporter is apt to make an occasional slip which will sooner or later be found out. This is what has happened with regard to the judgment in *Bird v. Brown*. A passage upon which the Court of Appeal had relied "reads," says Lord MACNAGHTEN, "like an irrelevant gloss which has crept into the text. I think there must be some mistake somewhere, and it is a consolation to one who is greatly puzzled with the passage to find that it does not occur in the report of the case in the *Law Journal*."

A Dogs' Regulation Bill to "consolidate and amend certain enactments relating to dogs" was introduced by Mr. HANBURY, the President of the Board of Agriculture, just before the adjournment of the House of Commons for the Autumn Session and will probably be proceeded with during such session. The main proposal is that county or borough councils may make bye-laws for "prescribing the wearing by dogs, while in a highway or place of public resort, of a collar with the name and address of the owner inscribed on the collar or on a plate or badge attached thereto, provided that by such bye-law any dogs or class of dogs may be, either absolutely or conditionally, exempted from the operation thereof." This is probably a wise provision, but what we wish to observe upon is a matter of form. The Diseases of Animals Act, 1894, by section 22, empowers the Board of Agriculture to make muzzling orders; the Cruelty to Animals Act, 1854, by section 2, prohibits the use of dogs for drawing carriages, and two Customs and Inland Revenue Acts (of 1878 and 1879) regulate the dog tax. None of these Acts are dealt with in the Bill, which even leaves one of the sections (section 2) of the Dogs Act, 1871, unrepealed. The only Acts marked down for entire repeal are the three Dogs Acts of 1862, 1863, and 1865, which reverse the law of *Cox v. Burbidge* (13 C. N. S. 430) in making the owner liable for injury to sheep by dogs without a *scienter*. Why should not Mr. HANBURY consolidate all the Dogs Acts in one little Bill? There are only ten enactments to be dealt with, and the subject of consolidation has been before the Board of Agriculture since 1894, when Mr. GARDNER, the then president, in introducing a Dogs Consolidation and Amendment Bill, stated (see Chitty's Statutes, Dogs, p. 6, note (k)) that the Government had thought it necessary to bring the Bill forward, "not on account of any serious increase of rabies, but because of such an increase during the last two or three years as to lead to some anxiety."

THE RECENT case of *Re Smith, Smith v. Lewis* (ante, p. 650) raised a point as to the holding of shares in a company by

trustees similar to that which was discussed by the Court of Appeal a year ago in *Re New's Settlement* (1901, 2 Ch. 534). It seems clear that where trustees of a will desire to realize their testator's business by turning it into a limited company, the court has no jurisdiction to sanction the acceptance of the purchase-money by the trustees in the form of shares. Although apparently this has occasionally been done, yet it has not been in the regular exercise of the powers of the court, and applications for this purpose have been in two reported cases refused (*Re Crawshaw*, 33 SOLICITORS' JOURNAL, 126; *Re Morrison*, 49 W. R. 441; 1901, 1 Ch. 701). But the case is different where property left by the testator is already in the form of shares, and a change subsequently takes place in the constitution of the company in consequence of which the shares are exchanged for others which are only technically different. In *Re New's Settlement* the trust estate was already invested in shares in a company, and upon the reconstruction of the company these were exchanged for other shares and for debentures. The question was whether the court could authorize the trustees to hold the substituted securities, and the Court of Appeal, overruling COZENS-HARDY, J., who considered that he had no jurisdiction to sanction such an arrangement, held that it could. This was justified by ROMER, L.J., upon the ground that, in the management of such an estate, the court had jurisdiction to sanction the adoption by the trustees of a course rendered necessary in the interest of the beneficiaries by special circumstances for which the settlor had not provided. In the present case of *Re Smith* the circumstances were very similar. The testator's estate consisted partly of ordinary shares in a limited company. The investment clause in the will authorized investment in preference shares of any company at the time of investment paying a dividend on its ordinary shares. Under a scheme of reconstruction the company was voluntarily wound up and a new company formed. For each share in the old company there was allotted one fully-paid ordinary and one fully-paid preference share of the same value in the new company. Thus instead of the 520 shares which the trustees—or rather the surviving trustee—had in the old company, he held 520 ordinary and 520 preference shares in the new company, and he applied to the court for directions as to the retention of both these classes of shares. Under the circumstances the retention of the preference shares was authorized by the investment clause in the will, and with regard to the substituted ordinary shares BUCKLEY, J., held that their retention was also authorized, upon the ground that the change in the nature of the shares was technical rather than real. The company had changed, but the shares were, for practical purposes, the same. Cases of this nature furnish a good illustration of the new problems which changing circumstances present to courts of law for solution.

THE RECENT decision of the Court of Appeal in *Re Puckett and Smith's Contract* (50 W. R. 532; 1902, 2 Ch. 258) is a good illustration of the protection which the court affords to purchasers so as to avoid their being bound by misleading conditions of sale, even though the vendors may be quite innocent in the matter. Land had been offered for sale by auction, but had not been sold. It was afterwards sold by private treaty, subject to the conditions of sale used at the auction, with the exception of certain conditions which were struck out. The particulars of sale stated that the property possessed an important frontage to a certain road "with a valuable prospective building element." One of the conditions provided that the property was believed and was to be taken to be correctly described, "and being open to inspection, the purchaser shall be deemed to buy with full knowledge of the actual quantities and condition thereof." Any error in the particulars was neither to annul the sale nor to be the subject of compensation. The printed condition relative to the property being sold subject to easements was struck out. The purchaser inspected the property before the contract, but it was not till afterwards that he discovered the existence of a culvert for the passage of water running across the property at a short distance from the surface. The vendors, who were the trustees of a former owner, knew nothing about it, and the purchaser was not to blame for failing to discover it on his first inspection. The existence of the culvert, however, spoilt

the land for building purposes, and the purchaser required that it should be diverted. The vendors refused, relying on the conditions of sale. But purchasers would be in a hard case if all that vendors chose to put into conditions of sale was to be held binding. After all, it is the duty of the vendor to give to the purchaser the property which he has purported to sell, and this elementary duty he is not allowed to shirk. If he has sold land as building land then he must give land on which the purchaser can build. In *Flight v. Booth* (1 Bing. N. C., p. 377), TINDAL, C.J., laid down the rule that where the misdescription, although not proceeding from fraud, is material, and so far affects the subject-matter of the contract that the purchaser, but for the misdescription, would very probably never have entered into the contract, then the contract is avoided altogether. Under such a state of facts, the purchaser may be considered as not having purchased the thing which was really the subject of sale. In the present case the Court of Appeal held that this principle applied to a sale of land as building land, if it was subject to a latent defect which in fact made it unsuitable for building. Hence they decided, affirming KEEWICH, J., that the vendors had not shewn a good title in accordance with the contract.

RECENT DECISIONS ON COUNTY COURT JURISDICTION AND PRACTICE.

THE rapid development of our county courts, in recent years, and the ever-increasing volume of litigation which, year by year, is absorbed by them, renders all decisions affecting their jurisdiction or practice of primary importance, not only to the legal profession itself, but also to the public at large. Such of these decisions as have been given during the past twelve months we now propose to consider, dealing, first, with those affecting the jurisdiction of the county courts. With regard to all objections to the jurisdiction of those courts it is well to remember that, where the want of jurisdiction appears on the face of the proceedings, it cannot be waived. This proposition was fully recognized by the Court of Appeal in the recent case of *Alderton v. Palliser* (49 W. R. 706; 1901, 2 K. B. 833), where it was held, in accordance with *Farguherson v. Morgan* (42 W. R. 306; 1894, 1 Q. B. 552), that the requirements of ord. 25, r. 14A, of the County Court Rules, 1889, as to the form of an affidavit on an application for leave to issue a judgment summons against a debtor, who does not dwell or carry on business, and is not employed within the district of the court in which the judgment was obtained, cannot be waived by the debtor. Another recent case also affecting the jurisdiction of the county courts with regard to judgment summonses is *The King v. Birmingham County Court Judge* (1902, 2 K. B. 283), where it was held that a county court judge has jurisdiction to allow a judgment summons to issue against one of several judgment debtors, against whom judgment has been recovered on a joint and several promissory note, though a committal order, to which no return has been made, be still in existence and outstanding against another of them. This decision is not without interest, as it establishes the principle that, though, for some purposes, a committal order under the Debtors Act, 1869, is in the nature of an execution—being, indeed, a modification of the old writ of *ca sa*.—yet it is a new species of jurisdiction, to which, therefore, the analogy of the writ of *fi. fa.* does not apply. Moreover, this decision will also be specially welcome to legal practitioners in the county courts as really supplying a deficiency in the existing county court rules, which, *semble*, do not contain any special provisions as to the issue of a judgment summons in respect of a judgment against joint defendants or expressly state that, under such circumstances, there shall be execution, in some form, against each defendant, though the right of the judgment creditor thereto would seem to be *ex debito justitiæ*. The jurisdiction of a county court judge, with regard to costs, conferred upon him by section 113 of the County Courts Act, 1888 (51 & 52 Vict. c. 43), was considered in the case of *Andrue v. Grove* (50 W. R. 524; 1902, 1 K. B. 625), it being there held that a county court judge has no jurisdiction to order a successful defendant to pay the costs of the plaintiff. No one, we think, will be disposed to call in question the accuracy of this decision,

there being really nothing in the language of the County Courts Act, 1888, to confer upon a county court judge such a jurisdiction, which, it may be mentioned, was not possessed even by the High Court (see *Dicks v. Yates*, 18 Oh. D. 76, 29 W. R. Dig. 57) until expressly given by section 5 of the Judicature Act, 1890 (53 & 54 Vict. c. 44).

The jurisdiction of the county courts under special statutes, and also in bankruptcy, has given rise to several decisions calling for notice. In *Field v. Longden* (50 W. R. 212; 1902, 1 K. B. 47) it was held by the Court of Appeal that, in an arbitration under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1897 (60 & 61 Vict. c. 37), it is a condition precedent to the jurisdiction of a county court judge to act as arbitrator under section 1, sub-section 3, of the Act that a question should have arisen between the parties as to the liability to pay compensation under the Act, or as to the amount or duration of such compensation, and that, therefore, where, from a fortnight after an accident to a workman his employers paid him weekly sums of the full amount that could be recovered under the Act—namely, 50 per cent. of his average weekly earnings, and promised to continue to do so during his incapacity, there is no subject-matter for arbitration under the Act, and no jurisdiction to entertain arbitration proceedings taken thereunder by the workman. "The Workmen's Compensation Act," said STIRLING, L.J., in the case under consideration, "was intended for the benefit of the workmen, and not for that of the legal profession, and I do not think we ought, unless actually compelled by the language used, to put such a construction upon it as to convert it into a perennial source of litigation and needless expense." The case of *The National Telephone Co. v. Tunbridge Wells Corporation* (85 L. T. 368) also concerns the jurisdiction of the county courts to entertain an arbitration under a special statute, and decides that section 4 of the Telegraph Act, 1878 (41 & 42 Vict. c. 76), which provides that any difference arising between the Postmaster-General and a local authority shall be referred to a county court judge as arbitrator, cannot be invoked by a telephone company, to whom the Postmaster-General has delegated his powers under the Telegraph Acts, where the sole cause of complaint of the company against the local authority is that the latter has, in exercise of its absolute right to do so, refused to consent to certain proposed works being executed by the company which had bound itself by agreement with the local authority not to carry out without the latter's express written consent.

In *Monk v. Arnold* (1902, 1 K. B. 761) the jurisdiction of the county courts under section 7 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1891 (54 & 55 Vict. c. 75), was under review. That section [which, it should be mentioned, has, together with most of the sections of the Act, been repealed by the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901 (1 Edw. 7, c. 22), which, however, contains a similar provision (section 14 (4)) to that comprised in the repealed section] in substance provides that if the owner of a factory alleges that the occupier thereof ought to bear or contribute to the expenses incurred by the former in complying with the sanitary requirements prescribed by the Act, he may apply to the county court having jurisdiction where the factory is situate, "and thereupon the county court, after hearing the occupier, may make such order as appears to the court just and equitable under all the circumstances of the case." In the case under consideration, it was held that this jurisdiction is exercisable in a case where the lessor of a factory sues the lessee in the county court on a covenant by the latter to pay all charges and outgoings which may be charged or imposed on the lessor in respect of the demised premises, and also seeks to recover in the same action the expenses incurred by the lessor in complying with the sanitary requirements of the above-named statute, and enables the county court judge, whatever may be the legal effect and construction of the lessee's covenant, to make such order apportioning the expense between the parties as may seem just and equitable to him under all the circumstances of the case. In this connection, it may be well to state that the whole object of section 7 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1891, is merely to protect the employees at factories from fire, and that probably where the parties to an agreement of tenancy have expressly stipulated therein that expenses incurred under the Act, in fulfilling its requirements, shall be defrayed by either the lessor

or the lessee, as the case may be, the county court judge would not consider it to be "just or equitable" for him to make any order under section 7 inconsistent with such agreement: *per curiam* in *Monk v. Arnold* (*supra*).

Two decisions must now be noticed which affect the jurisdiction of the county court in bankruptcy. In *Re Billing, Ex parte Official Receiver* (86 L. T. 689), it was held that the jurisdiction of the county court is the same in summary as in ordinary bankruptcies, and that, therefore, where an order having been made for summary administration under section 121 of the Bankruptcy Act, 1883, the official receiver applied to the county court judge for an order against a third party to pay him a sum of money (£343), the county court judge could not grant the application, having no jurisdiction to do so, as the claim made did not arise out of the bankruptcy. In *Re Richardson & Cook, Ex parte Grims* (86 L. T. 690), it was held that the power given the bankruptcy court under the Bankruptcy Act, 1883, s. 10 (2), to stay proceedings against a debtor, ought not to be exercised by the county court where the High Court has, with knowledge of the pending bankruptcy, allowed the proceedings to go on.

With regard to appeals from the county court to the High Court, two cases of some importance have been decided—namely, *Handley v. London, Edinburgh, and Glasgow Assurance Co.* (1902, 1 K. B. 350, 50 W. R. Dig., p. 43), and *Morris v. Northern Employers' Mutual Indemnity Co.* (50 W. R. 545; 1902, 2 K. B. 165). In the former case, it was held that although a party who appeals directly to the High Court against the judgment of a county court judge, on the ground of misdirection, is not entitled to be heard, unless he took the objection to the judge's direction at the time of the trial, it is otherwise if he first applies to the county court judge for a new trial on the ground of misdirection, and then, upon being refused, appeals to the High Court, for, under such circumstances, the appeal will be heard on its merits though the ground of misdirection was for the first time mentioned in county court upon the application of a new trial. In the latter case, it was decided, by the Court of Appeal, that an appeal from an order of a county court judge for the payment of insurance moneys under section 5 of the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1897, lies to the High Court by virtue of section 120 of the County Courts Act, 1888, which enables the High Court to entertain an appeal with regard to any "matter" with which the county court judge has dealt in the exercise of his jurisdiction. This decision is quite in accord with what was previously held by a Divisional Court in *Kniveton v. Northern Employers' Mutual Indemnity Co.* (50 W. R. 704; 1902, 1 K. B. 880).

On the all-important subject of costs, two or three decisions have been given which must now be noticed. One of them, indeed—namely, *Andrew v. Grove* (*supra*), where it was held that a successful defendant cannot be ordered to pay the plaintiff's costs, has already been noticed in this article under the head of jurisdiction. The right to costs, where an injunction is claimed, and less than £10 has been recovered, was considered in *Keates v. Woodward* (50 W. R. 258; 1902, 1 K. B. 532), which was an action originally brought in the Chancery Division of the High Court for an injunction and damages for trespass to land, and afterwards transferred to the county court, where a judgment was obtained for an injunction and also for nominal damages. It was there held that, as the claim for an injunction was the main part of the relief claimed, the action was not one founded in tort within sub-section 2 of section 116 of the County Courts Act, 1888, and that therefore the plaintiff was entitled to costs of the action. On the other hand, in *Sachs v. Henderson* (1902, 1 K. B. 612), where a defendant recovered £20 in a High Court action brought by him against his landlord for wrongfully removing fixtures from the demised premises after the execution of an agreement for a lease, but before the lease was granted or the term had commenced, it was held that the plaintiff was entitled to costs on the High Court scale, as his action was one "founded in tort," within the meaning of section 116 of the County Courts Act, 1888. One more case on the subject of costs must conclude this article—namely, *Pearce v. Bolton* (1902, 2 K. B. 111), which, like the two preceding cases, also concerns the operation of section 116 of the County Courts Act, 1888. It was there held that where, after action of contract commenced in the High Court for a debt exceeding

£20, the plaintiff receives direct from the defendant, without requiring him to pay it into court, a sum reducing the claim below £20, and, subsequently, the action is remitted to the county court and judgment for the full balance of the claim is there obtained by the plaintiff, he (the plaintiff) is entitled to his costs as one who has recovered, within the meaning of section 116, more than £20 in the action, even though it be not actually stated in so many words (as it should be, strictly speaking) that the balance for which the judgment is given is in addition to the sum previously paid to the plaintiff by the defendant and given credit for by the former in his particulars of claim in the county court.

A READING OF THE NEW STATUTES.

THE BRITISH MUSEUM ACT, 1902 (2 ED. 7, c. 12).

THIS Act is an outcome of the difficulty which besets the managers of a library like that of the British Museum, who have to cope with the perpetual avalanche of matter from the Press. The preamble recites that it is expedient to provide space elsewhere than at the British Museum buildings for the storage of newspapers and other printed matter rarely required for public use; and that land has been acquired at Hendon on which a building for providing the necessary storage space is to be erected; and the Act empowers the trustees of the British Museum, with the consent of the Treasury, to remove to the Hendon building newspapers and printed matter of the nature described in the preamble. But the trustees are to make arrangements to the satisfaction of the Treasury for making the matter so removed available for use by the public at the present British Museum buildings, when required, on due notice being given. This latter provision seems to indicate that a good deal of trouble will have to be taken in carrying the exiled matter to and fro between Hendon and Bloomsbury. We should have thought that the budding historian who desired to look up the files of the *Little Peddlington Gazette* might have been expected to take an excursion to Hendon instead of having the papers brought up to town for his special behoof. But the arrangement is one which the trustees of the British Museum have presumably well considered.

THE LABOUR BUREAUX (LONDON) ACT, 1902 (2 ED. 7, c. 13).

This Act is intended to enable the London Borough Councils to take up a useful work which was performed for a time some years ago by the vestries. Section 3 defines "labour bureau" to mean "an office or place used for the purpose of supplying information, either by the keeping of registers or otherwise, respecting employers who desire to engage workpeople and workpeople who seek engagement or employment." Section 1 enacts that the council of any metropolitan borough may establish and maintain a labour bureau, and under section 2 any expenses so incurred by the council are to be paid out of the general rate. We understand that the cost of these offices under the vestries was not large, while they were the means of considerable usefulness, and the Act encourages a form of municipal socialism to which objection can hardly be taken.

MUSICAL (SUMMARY PROCEEDINGS) COPYRIGHT ACT, 1902
(2 ED. 7, c. 15).

This Act, which came into force on the 1st inst., has already been very much in evidence. The ordinary mode of enforcing copyright by means of an action in the Chancery Division, with an injunction and a reference to assess damages, was too cumbersome to be used for putting down the practice, which has recently become very prevalent, of the hawking in the streets of pirated copies of copyright music. The Act gives two modes of procedure for dealing summarily with such cases. Under section 1 a court of summary jurisdiction may, on the application of the owner of the copyright in any musical work, if on the evidence there is reasonable ground for believing that pirated copies are being offered for sale, authorize a constable to seize such copies without warrant and bring them before the court. The court may then, on proof that the copies are pirated, order them to be destroyed or delivered up to the owner of the copyright. The alternative procedure authorized by section 2 empowers a constable, without warrant, on the request in writing of the apparent owner of the copyright in any work pirated copies of which are being offered for sale, to seize such copies and take them before a court of summary jurisdiction; and the copies, on proof that they are infringements of copyright, are to be forfeited or destroyed, or otherwise dealt with as the court may think fit. In the numerous seizures which have already been made under this latter section the police magistrates have (as we note elsewhere) properly required strict evidence of title to the copyright in the persons taking proceedings, and with this precaution the Act is entirely beneficial in its operation. It will in future be possible to walk down Ludgate-hill without being exposed at every step to

the temptation of acquiring for an insignificant sum a copy of "Dolly Gray" or "The Honeysuckle and the Bee," and thereby infringing the rights of the owners of this high-class music. We believe that the majority of Schubert's songs brought the composer about 9d. a piece. The Legislature can amend a trifling wrong here and there. The real inequalities of art and literature are beyond their control.

REVIEWS.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

The English Reports. Vol. XXI: Chancery I., containing Cary, Choyce Cases in Chancery; Tothill, Dickens' Reports in Chancery, Vols. I. to III.; Nelson; and Equity Cases Abridged, Vol. I. William Green & Sons, Edinburgh; Stevens & Sons (Limited).

The Law of Evidence. By SYDNEY L. PHIPSON, M.A. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law. Third Edition. Stevens & Haynes.

The Student's Conveyancing: For the Use of Candidates at the Final and Honours Examinations of the Incorporated Law Society. Seventh Edition. By ALBERT GIBSON and WALTER GRAY HART, LL.B., Solicitors. The Law Notes Publishing Offices.

The South African Law Journal. By W. H. S. BELL, Solicitor. 15th August, 1902. Witherby & Co.

Elements of the Law of Contract. By A. T. CARTER, Barrister-at-Law. Sweet & Maxwell (Limited).

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE LAND TRANSFER ACTS AND CHARITY TRUSTEES.

[To the Editor of the Solicitors' Journal.]

Sir,—I believe that many of your readers will be interested in the following curious difficulty which has arisen under the Land Transfer Acts, 1875 and 1897, on the purchase by charity trustees of land within the area of compulsory registration.

The Land Transfer Act, 1897, after amending the Land Transfer Act, 1875, provides, by section 20, that a person shall not, under any conveyance on sale executed after the specified day, acquire the legal estate in any freehold land in an area to which compulsory registration has been made applicable, unless or until he is registered as proprietor of the land.

By section 5 of the Land Transfer Act, 1875, it is provided that three classes of persons, being all persons entitled for their own benefit, may apply for registration, and by section 68 a fourth class of persons who can apply for registration is added—namely, trustees with a power of sale; but this fourth class can only be registered with the consent of the person (if any) whose consent to the exercise of such power of sale is necessary.

By section 29 of the Charitable Trusts Act, 1855, trustees of charity lands are debarred from making any sale thereof without the approval of the Charity Commissioners. Trustees of a charity recently agreed to purchase certain land within the area of compulsory registration. The consent of the Charity Commissioners to the purchase was obtained, the purchase-money was paid to the vendor, and the conveyance was duly executed and enrolled. When registration was applied for, the registrar refused to register the trustees as proprietors without the consent of the Charity Commissioners, as the persons whose consent was necessary to a sale by the trustees. The Charity Commissioners, however, held the view that trustees of charity lands have no general power of sale and that they can only get a power of sale in a particular instance where the sale is approved of by an order of the commissioners, and they, therefore, refuse to give any consent to registration.

The result is that the legal estate in the land in question remains in the vendor and cannot be got in until new rules, which have now, I understand, for many months been in course of settlement between the registrar and the Charity Commissioners, have been made.

The charity trustees are desirous of selling part of the newly-acquired land, but cannot do so until they can get registration of their title.

H. B. B.

London, October, 1902.

Mr. Justice Phillimore has fixed the following commission days for the ensuing autumn assizes on the Oxford Circuit: Reading, Wednesday, November 5; Oxford, Saturday, November 8; Worcester, Tuesday, November 11; Gloucester, Saturday, November 15; Monmouth, Thursday, November 20; Hereford, Monday, November 24; Shrewsbury, Thursday, November 27; Stafford, Monday, December 1; Birmingham, Tuesday, December 9; Prisoners only will be tried at all the above places with the exception of Birmingham, where civil business will also be taken. The Lord Chief Justice will join Mr. Justice Phillimore at Birmingham.

CASES OF THE WEEK.

Before the Vacation Judge.

Re THE WESTON, CLEVEDON, AND PORTISHEAD LIGHT RAILWAY CO. AND Re THE LIGHT RAILWAYS ACT, 1896, AND Re THE RAILWAY COMPANIES ACT, 1867. 8th Oct.

RAILWAY COMPANY—JUDGMENT DEBT—RECEIVER AND MANAGER—FORM OF ORDER—RAILWAY COMPANIES ACT, 1867 (30 & 31 VICT. C. 127), s. 4.

This was a petition presented by the sheriff of the city and county of Bristol, under section 4 of the Railway Companies Act, 1867. The facts were as follows: The Weston, Clevedon, and Portishead Light Railway Co. is a railway company duly incorporated and constituted as a company for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, and working a railway under the Weston, Clevedon, and Portishead Light Railway Act, 1899 (62 & 63 Vict. c. cccxxi.), having previously been incorporated as a tramway company under the Weston-super-Mare, Clevedon, and Portishead Tramways Act, 1885, amended by the Weston-super-Mare, Clevedon, and Portishead Tramways Act, 1890, and the Weston-super-Mare, Clevedon, and Portishead Tramways Act, 1892. The capital of the company is £60,000, and the company was empowered by the Weston-super-Mare, Clevedon, and Portishead Tramways Act, 1885, to construct the street tramway and tramroad in the county of Somerset in the Act more particularly described within the times therein mentioned and to work the same. The respective times within which the company was empowered to carry out the works were extended by the Weston-super-Mare, Clevedon, and Portishead Tramways Act, 1890, and powers for the construction of other tramways and tramroads were by the same Act given to the company. The Weston, Clevedon, and Portishead Light Railways Act, 1899, empowered the company to construct the light railways in the Act more particularly described and to work the same and the existing tramroads of the said company as light railways, and constituted the company a railway company. The works authorized to be constructed and maintained by the several Acts of Parliament of the years 1885, 1890, and 1892 respectively have been completed and are now open for traffic, and a portion of the railways authorized by the Act of the year 1899 has now been completed and is now open for traffic. The undertaking and business of the Weston, Clevedon, and Portishead Light Railways Co. are being carried on and moneys are receivable and wages and outgoings are payable in respect thereof. The petitioner on the 25th of September, 1902, obtained a judgment in the King's Bench Division against the said company for the sum of £687 19s. and £9 10s. for costs in respect of a bond debt which became due from the company since the passing of the Railway Companies Act, 1867, and such judgment was still in force and unsatisfied. The petitioner was desirous that a receiver and manager of the undertaking of the Weston, Clevedon, and Portishead Light Railways Co. should be appointed. The petitioner, therefore, prayed that a receiver and manager of the undertaking of the Weston, Clevedon, and Portishead Light Railways Co. and of the property and works comprised in or connected with such undertaking might be appointed, and that out of the moneys which might come to the hands of such receiver and property applicable for that purpose the amount due to the petitioner by virtue of the judgment might be paid.

JELF, J., made an order that the petition stand over for a week. If the claim was not satisfied before next Wednesday the order to go appointing Mr. Jenkins, chartered accountant, receiver, with liberty to the directors to apply to be appointed managers, and for costs as asked.—COUNSEL, *Waggett; Rolt.* SOLICITORS, *Gussette, Wadham, & Co.,* for Chilton & Sons, Bristol; *Meredith & Co.,* for Osborne, Ward, & Co., Bristol.

Reported by J. E. ALDOUS, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.]

LAW SOCIETIES.

BRISTOL INCORPORATED LAW SOCIETY.

The thirty-second annual general meeting of this society was held on the 3rd inst. at the Law Library, Assize Courts, Small-street, Bristol. Mr. S. S. GOULDAMITH, president, in the chair. The annual report was adopted. Mr. H. G. Bush was elected president, Messrs. H. T. M. C. Gwynn and W. Roberts were elected vice-presidents; Messrs. I. N. C. Pope and Francis Sturge were elected hon. secs.; Messrs. A. E. Bobbett, S. S. Gouldamith, and H. E. Meade-King were elected ordinary members of the council of the society for the year ensuing.

The following are extracts from the report of the council: *Legal Education.*—The council much regret that owing to no sufficient number of students being willing to join, they have not been able to arrange for any further course of law lectures. An attempt, in conjunction with University College, to promote more systematic legal education, is in contemplation, and it carried into effect the council would urge upon all law students the importance of availing themselves of the opportunity which will then be afforded of improved training in the principles of the law, and also upon solicitors who have articulated clerks, not only of bringing the matter to the notice of the latter, but also of using their influence to securing their joining any lectures or classes that may be established and their regular attendance as well.

Agency Allowances.—The opinion of the council was sought by the chief society respecting agency allowances between solicitors in certain cases, other than London agents—namely, (1) in the employment by an English solicitor of another English solicitor, not his London agent, in the United Kingdom; (2) in British colonies and possessions; (3) in foreign countries.

Inquiries were made of a number of Bristol solicitors, and it was found that the general experience in this district was that such a practice existed in England, and (with some few exceptions) in Scotland and Ireland; that as regards (2) and (3) there was not sufficient experience on which to express an opinion. The council are further of opinion that the practice is unobjectionable and they would strongly object to its being disturbed.

Allowances to Prosecutors and Witnesses in Criminal Cases.—This matter was considered by the council, at the request of the chief society, in connection with a committee of inquiry appointed by the Home Secretary, and the following resolutions were passed: (1) That the present scale of allowances to prosecutor and witnesses in criminal cases is, in all cases, inadequate and in very many cases insufficient to cover actual and necessary disbursements; (2) that professional witnesses, whether giving professional evidence or not, should be paid as such. (3) that in those cases, as for instance, a common law forgery, where no allowance is at present made, this should be remedied and all cases put on the same footing; (4) that the allowance to counsel and solicitors should be uniform and reasonable, which, more particularly as regards the allowances to solicitors, is not so in all cases at present on some circuits, and at some seasons these are reasonable, while at others they are quite inadequate; (5) that a prisoner's witnesses, whether bound over to appear or not, should be allowed on the same scale as the witnesses for the prosecution. A copy of these resolutions was forwarded to Mr. Ellett, solicitor, Cirencester, who was summoned as a witness before the committee, but no report has yet been issued.

LEGAL NEWS.

CHANGES IN PARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTIONS.

FRANK PORTLE BAWTREE, CHARLES RICHARD STEVENS, FRANCIS HEWITT STEVENS, and HUGH FRANCIS BAWTREE, solicitors (Stevens, Bawtree, & Stevens), 73a, Queen Victoria-street, London, Witham, and Gravesend. Oct. 1.

ALFRED BENTON BLYTHE and WILLIAM FREDERICK SANFORD HODGSON, solicitors (Dangerfield, Blythe, & Hodgson), 26, Craven-street, Charing Cross. Sept. 30.

ROBERT DUDLEY BAXTER, SIDNEY GEORGE SPREAT, and ALEXANDER WILLIAM JOHNSON, solicitors and Parliamentary agents (Baxter & Co.), 12, Victoria-street, Westminster, and (Baxter, Spreat, & Johnson), 32, Old Jewry, London. Sept. 30. The undersigned Robert Dudley Baxter and Alexander William Johnson will continue to carry on the business at 12, Victoria-street, Westminster, under the style or firm of Baxter & Co. The undersigned Sidney George Spreat will continue to carry on the business at 32, Old Jewry, London, under the style of S. G. Spreat.

THOMAS STEPHENSON SIMPSON and EDWARD OVEREND SIMPSON, solicitors (Simpson & Simpson), Leeds. Aug. 31. [Gazette, Oct. 3.]

THOMAS HENRY WILLETT and LESLIE GORDON SANFORD, solicitors (Willett & Sanford), Arundel-street, Strand, London. June 30. [Gazette, Oct. 7.]

INFORMATION REQUIRED.

JOHN OAKLEY MAUND, deceased.—Solicitors or others having in their possession any Deeds or other Documents relating to the property or affairs of the above-named deceased are requested to communicate with Pakeman & Read, solicitors, 11, Ironmonger-lane, London, E.C.

GENERAL.

Lord Alverstone, Mr. Justice Bigham, and Sir John Ardagh, the members of the Martial Law Commission, arrived at Durban on Wednesday evening in last week. It is stated that they are due at Southampton on the 26th inst.

Mr. Justice Jelf, says the *Daily Mail*, sitting in chambers, has directed that Mr. R. H. Milward should be admitted to bail, himself in £4,000, and four sureties in the sum of £1,000 each. Later in the day bail was granted, Milward himself in £4,000, and four sureties of £1,000 each.

Mr. William Willis, K.C., the recorder for the borough of Saffron Walden, has, says the *Daily Mail*, had no cases committed to him for trial at quarter sessions for the last six years. The court was formally opened and closed by the town crier this week with all the customary ceremonial.

A writer in the *Empire Review* on "The Humours of the Irish Law Courts," says that Lord Norbury was commonly known as "the hanging judge." Curran had a shy hit at this side of the judge's character one day at dinner, when the former was carving a joint of corned beef. "Is that beef hung, Mr. Curran?" queried the Chief Justice. "Not yet, my lord," was the reply, "you have not tried it."

On a case being called at the Greenwich County Court, says the *Daily Mail*, Judge Addison was informed that one of the counsel engaged did not care to come into court, as his clerk had not arrived with his wig and gown. Judge Addison: Oh, I am not like that. Tell him to come in at once. The learned gentleman then entered the court, and was about to explain when his honour remarked: "No apology is necessary. You look very nice and agreeable as you are." On Judge Smyly taking his seat at the Shoreditch County Court, in succession to the late Judge French, all the solicitors wore gowns, a practice which was hardly ever observed under the previous régime. Judge French used frequently to sit without a wig, which, he said, he only wore because of the draught.

By the Transvaal Ordinance No. 12, 1902 (dated the 31st of July, 1902) the Supreme Court of the Transvaal is, says the *South African Law Journal*, constituted a Court of Appeal from the decisions of the High Court of the Orange River Colony. From the judgment of the Supreme Court in appeal on Orange River Colony cases an appeal lies to the Privy Council, as in Transvaal cases, except that the amount at issue on which appeals lie to the Privy Council is £500, instead of £2,000, as in Transvaal cases. The reason for this distinction between cases on appeal to the Privy Council from the two colonies is not apparent. One cannot understand why the appealable amount in Transvaal cases should not also be £500, as it is in Cape Colony. The Supreme Court is given appellate jurisdiction from the Orange River Colony in criminal cases, even where the High Court of the Orange River Colony has previously reviewed the judgment of any inferior court in the Orange River Colony. The court sitting in appeal must consist of not less than three judges. All that can be said for the Ordinance is that it is a move in the direction of a Court of Appeal for the whole of South Africa.

Writing to the *Times* on Mr. Justice Walton's sentence of six months' imprisonment on Herbert Dickson, who pleaded guilty to manslaughter of his wife, whom he believed to have been guilty of adultery, Sir Arthur Collins, K.C., says: "In considering whether the killing upon provocation amounts to murder or manslaughter, the instrument wherewith the homicide was effected must be taken into consideration, for if it were effected with a deadly weapon the provocation must be great indeed to extenuate the offence to manslaughter. It may be safely laid down as a general rule that no words or gestures, however opprobrious or provoking, will be considered in law to be provocation sufficient to reduce homicide to manslaughter if the killing be effected by a deadly weapon: *Reg. v. Welsh* (11 Cox, 336). The subject of sentences on persons convicted of crimes—especially against the person—is of great importance and interest to the community: the law reports of the various newspapers are read by millions, and it would be a terrible misfortune if the idea got abroad that a man who cut the throat of a drunken or adulterous wife in the course of a quarrel even under circumstances of 'almost extreme provocation,' has a chance at least of being sentenced merely to a few months' simple imprisonment, and that inflicted only in the 'interest of public order.'"

Mr. T. M. Shallcross, of Liverpool, writes to the *Times* to point out that some of the fire insurance companies refuse to pay architect's fees incurred in the reinstatement of fire damage, notwithstanding that premium has been paid upon architect's fees, originally incurred, as part of the cost of the building insured; that other fire insurance companies only pay such fees in cases where they have been separately mentioned and described in the policy; and, again, that other fire insurance companies always pay such fees whether or not they are separately described in the policy. Those who think they are insured against fire would do well, therefore, to inquire from their insurers how the matter stands in their own particular cases, as otherwise, should a fire occur, they may find themselves uncovered to the amount of several hundreds of pounds in respect of their premises. For example—in the case of a building costing, say, £10,500, including architect's fees, and totally destroyed, the owner might find himself only able to recover £10,000 and have to bear the loss himself of the remaining £500, or, in the alternative, have to be satisfied with an inferior class of work in the reinstatement of the premises—i.e., work performed at the will of a builder, without the direction and control of an architect; and there would, of course, be a similar result in case of a partial destruction of the premises, *pro rata*. This information is the result of inquiries made amongst eighteen or twenty of the principal fire insurance companies of the United Kingdom; which inquiries were suggested by the somewhat awkward position in which certain trustees found themselves placed.

At the Marylebone police-court on the 4th inst., says the *Times*, Mr. Curtis Bennett had an application made to him under section 2 of the Musical Copyright Act, in respect of a number of copies of alleged pirated songs, seized in the Kentish Town-road, on Friday night, at the instance of Mr. J. Scott Mackenzie, a music publisher's agent. The man from whom they had been taken was not present. Mr. Curtis Bennett observed that the procedure to be adopted in these cases was not set out in the Act of Parliament. Before he could decide the matter, however, the man from whom the music was taken must be summoned to appear before the court. Mr. David Day, music publisher, of the firm of Francis, Day, & Hunter, Charing Cross-road, drew the magistrate's attention to the Act, and was about to make some observation when Mr. Curtis Bennett pointed out that it had been laid down by Lord Denman that in cases where no procedure was given the parson complained of must be summoned. No one was at present before him, and he had no right, therefore, to decide the matter. Mr. Day said that the application was only for the destruction of the copies of music. The previous day a similar application was made at the Clerkenwell police-court, and an order for the destruction of the music was made by the magistrate. Mr. Curtis Bennett said that if the man was present it was all right, but if he was not, in his opinion, the order was wrongly made. Mr. Day said that he thought according to the new Act it was only necessary to bring the copies of music before the court. Mr. Curtis Bennett repeated the dictum of Lord Denman, adding that Mr. Day thought the Act was the simplest thing in the world; in his opinion, it was liable to any amount of discussion. It might raise the whole question, "What is a copyright?" Take, for instance, the many cases that have been before the House of Lords, where there had been a slight variation in the tune so as to make the music distinct from the copyright; it had been held that that did not constitute an infringement of the copyright. This Act of Parliament to his mind was a most difficult one. It might lead to any amount of litigation.

THE PROPERTY MART.

SALES OF THE ENSUING WEEK.

- Oct. 14.—Messrs. DEBENHAM, TEWSON, FARMER, & BRIDGEWATER, at the Mart, at 2:—Hackney: Three detached blocks of conveniently-arranged Residential Flats, close to the tramway route, and about ten minutes' walk from Hackney and Hackney Downs Stations; rentals amounting to about £900 per annum. Solicitor, E. P. S. Alderson, Esq., London. (See advertisement, Sept. 30, p. 4).
- Oct. 16.—Messrs. H. E. FOSTER & CRANFIELD, at the Mart, at 2 p.m.: Freehold Semi-detached Residence at Forest Hill. Solicitors, Messrs. W. & W. Stocken, London.—A Corner Freehold Building Site at Tower-hill, with a superficial area of 514 feet. Solicitors, Messrs. Rodgers & Co., Sheffield.—A Freehold Residential Property, near Hamel Hempstead Station, of about 9½ acres. Solicitor, A. Taylor, Esq., London.
- Oct. 18.—Messrs. H. E. FOSTER & CRANFIELD, at the Mart, at 2:—REVERSIONS: To a Moiety of £,627 in Metropolitan 9½ per Cent. Stock; lady aged 52. Solicitors, Messrs. Wm. Gee & Sons, Bishop's Cleeve.
- To a Trust Fund value £5,025 in Gas and Railway Stock; lady aged 60. Solicitors, Messrs. Hunter & Haynes, London.
- REVERSIONARY LIFE INTEREST of gentleman aged 29 (provided he survives a lady aged 62) in One-third of a Trust Estate producing £236 per annum, with policy. Solicitor, C. W. Langford, Esq., London.
- POLICIES: For £6,000, £5,000, £4,000, £3,000. Solicitor, C. F. Crowder, Esq., Birmingham; and C. Piper, Esq., London.
- For £5,000, £1,000, £1,500, £1,200, £1,150, £1,000, £1,000, £850. Solicitors, Messrs. Wm. Gee & Sons, Bishop's Cleeve; Messrs. H. & C. Collins, Reading; John R. Richards, Esq., Swansea; and Messrs. Dixon & Horne, Wakefield.
- SHARES, &c. (See advertisements, this week, back page.)

DEATH.

MORTON.—On October 1st, aged 18 years, at Strathallan Castle, Perthshire, whilst on a visit, Mabel Thellusson, only child of Charles H. Morton, Solicitor, Liverpool, and of Mary Morton.

WINDING UP NOTICES.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, Oct. 3.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

- CONSETT AND BLACKHILL WORKMAN'S CLUB AND INSTITUTE, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 1, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Clark, Worswick Chambers, Newcastle on Tyne, solicitor for liquidator.
- DOMINION DEVELOPMENT SYNDICATE, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Oct. 13, to send their names and addresses to A. C. Giton, 11, Queen Victoria St.
- EAST STANLEY WORKMAN'S CLUB AND INSTITUTE, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 1, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to John Cockburn, 7, Collingwood St., Newcastle on Tyne. Clark, Newcastle on Tyne, solicitor for liquidator.
- GOSPEL OAK COLLIERY CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 14, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Francis Greenbrook, Netherton Ironworks, Dudley. Bennett & Greenbrook, Birmingham, solicitors for liquidator.
- H. JAMES & CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 3, to send their names and addresses, with particulars of their debts or claims, to Charles Arthur Neal, 8, Cook St., Liverpool. Gittins, jun., solicitor for liquidator.
- LIVERPOOL CO-OPERATIVE PROVIDENT ASSOCIATION, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 14, to send their names and addresses, with particulars of their debts or claims, to Augustine Quinn, The Beeches, Sea View Rd., Liscard, Cheshire. Quinn, Liverpool, solicitor.
- LONDON AND SOUTH WALES ENGINEERING AND SHIP REPAIRING CO. (1897), LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 17, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Charles Eliah Stallybarn, 103 and 104, Exchange Buildings, Bute Dock, Cardiff. Vaughan & Roche, Cardiff, solicitors for liquidator.
- OTIS ELEVATOR CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 8, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Perci Saloon and C. Clarke, 4, Queen Victoria St. Ingie & Co., Broad St House, solicitors for liquidators.
- YANKEE DOODLE DEVELOPMENT CO., LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION)—Creditors are required, residing in the United Kingdom, on or before Nov. 13, out of the United Kingdom on or before Jan. 13, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Messrs. Henry Weatherley, 14, George St., Mansion House. Julius & Thomas, Finsbury Circus, solicitors for liquidator.

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, Oct. 7.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

- DIAMOND WALL CEMENT CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 19, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Frank Hart, 8, Cook St., Liverpool.
- EDMUND TURNER & CO., LIMITED—Petition for winding up, presented Aug. 7, directed to be heard at the Shire Hall, Hereford, on Oct. 17, at 10 a.m. Roberts, 4, Queen Anne Bridge, Baldwin St., Bristol, solicitor for petitioner. Negus (agent), 38, Bloomsbury sq. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct. 16.
- LEMBURGIER JOHNSTON CO., LIMITED—Petition for winding up, presented Sept. 10, directed to be heard Oct. 28. Newton, Hixbeck Bank Chambers, solicitor for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct. 27.
- NEWBROOK AND DISTRICT WORKING MEN'S SOCIAL CLUB, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 14, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Athol Campbell, 28, West St., Gateshead. Chatter & Atkinson, Newcastle upon Tyne, solicitors for liquidator.
- SCOTT BROTHERS (LIVERPOOL), LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 14, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Ernest James Walker, 5, Castle St., Liverpool. Orme & Co., 41, Castle St., Liverpool, solicitors for liquidator.
- URUGUAY ESTATES CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Dec. 15, to send their names and addresses to William Barclay Peat, 3, Louthbury.
- WIGAN AND DISTRICT TRAMWAYS CO., LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before Nov. 5, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Samuel Graham, Wigan. Smith, Wigan, solicitor for liquidator.

COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

- NURICK & CO., LIMITED—Petition for winding up, presented Oct. 3, directed to be heard at the Chancery Office, 9, Cook St., Liverpool, on Oct. 21. Thompson, 6, Lord St., Liverpool, solicitor for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct. 20.

CREDITORS' NOTICES.

UNDER 22 & 23 VICT. CAP. 35.

LAST DAY OF CLAIM.

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, SEPT. 30.

ABBOTT, THOMAS, Weymouth Nov 8 Andrews & Co. Weymouth
ANDERSON-BAYDRES, ELIZABETH, Camberwell, School Mistress Dec 1 Bobbett Bros, Bristol
AYER, JOHN WILLIAM CARR, Manchester Oct 29 Bates & Jellison, Manchester
BLACKFIELD, JOSEPH, Ashton under Lyne Oct 18 Fownall, Ashton under Lyne
BREWSTER, JOHN ANDREW HOLD, Liverpool Oct 30 Toulmin & Co, Liverpool
BYWATER, RICHARD, Macclesfield, Montgomery Oct 21 Watkins, Newtown
CHAPMAN, MICHAEL, Bransford, Yorks, Farmer Nov 30 Robinson & Sheffield, Beverley
CHILD, GEORGINA ELIZABETH, Tottenham Oct 30 Townroe, Queen Victoria st
CHINNOCK, BETH, Salisbury Nov 1 Wilson & Sons, Salisbury
CHURCH, AUGUSTUS GEORGE, Horley Oct 31 Haxby & Co, Nicholas st
CURRIE, ALBERT FURCELL, Hereford Oct 27 Oldman & Co, Old Sarjeants' Inn, Chancery in
EPPS, HARRY ELLIS, Maidstone Oct 31 Ellis, Maidstone
GURN, ADAM CLARK, Liverpool, Painter Nov 1 Kelly, Liverpool
HALLITT, WILLIAM, Croydon Nov 14 Hogan & Hughes, Martin's Ln, Cannon st
HAWORTH, JAMES, Padham, Lancs Oct 31 Waddington, Burnley
JACKSON, MARY ANN, Woodpumpston, nr Preston Oct 27 Clarke & Co, Preston
JONES, RICHARD JEPSON HARDMAN, Bimfield, Berks Nov 17 Lindsay & Co, Ironmongers Ln
KIRKMAN, JANE BUSSET, Liverpool Oct 30 Bremner & Co, Liverpool
KIRKMAN, MARY, Wexham, Leam Oct 31 Gaultier, Fleetwood
LAWKSTER, FRANK, Stowmarket, Wine Merchant Nov 2 Gudgeons & Co, Stowmarket
LAWTON, HARRIET, York Nov 1 Brown & Elmhurst, York
LAWTON, WILLIAM, York Nov 1 Brown & Elmhurst, York
LEA, EMMA JANE CULLERNE, Morecambe Nov 8 Fraser & Christian, Finsbury circus
LEONARD, HUGH, Hanover sq, Civil Engineer Dec 1 Sanderson & Co, Queen Victoria st
LEWIS, DAVID THOMAS, Narberth, Pembroke, Solicitor Dec 24 T & W D Lewis, Narberth
LISHMAN, SELVA, Newwood rd, Herne Hill Nov 7 Brooke, Lincoln's Inn fields
LIVINCOTE, DANIEL, Dorking Oct 30 Down & Co, Dorking
LOWBARD, CATHERINE, South Shields Nov 3 Newlands & Newlands, South Shields
LORKIN, ANN, Wardsworth Oct 23 Lawden, Bedford row
LORKIN, ELIZA, Wardsworth Oct 23 Lawden, Bedford row
LORKIN, MARY, Wardsworth Oct 23 Lawden, Bedford row
LORKIN, SARAH, Wardsworth Oct 23 Lawden, Bedford row
LUPTON, CHRISTIANA, Hford Nov 27 Benjamin, Coleman st
MOR, ELLY, Norwich Oct 31 Stevens & Co, Norwich
PERRY, HARRIET, Hford Oct 22 Avery & Son, Finsbury pvt
PHILLIPS JAMES DUNCAN, Garston, Lancs, Postmaster Oct 28 Whitley & Co, Liverpool
RICHARDSON, THOMAS, Leicester Oct 31 Gordon & Co, Leicester
ROCHE, JAMES, Newcastle upon Tyne Nov 1 Dickinson & Co, Newcastle upon Tyne
SCROGG, SAMUEL, Manchester, Cheese Factor Oct 28 Thomson, Manchester
TIE JOHN MARCUS HERMANN, Bradford, Stuff Merchant Oct 31 Wright & Co, Bradford
WADDINGTON, GEORGE, Nottmham, Devon Nov 12 Bazley & Co, Bideford
WAKLEY, HENRY MENDERT, Kensington, Barrister at Law Nov 1 Potter & Co, King st, Chancery
WOODCOCK, THOMAS PARRY, Bournemouth Oct 29 Lee & Co, Queen Victoria st
London Gazette.—FRIDAY, OCT. 3.
BALES, JOHN, Grimsby, Greenrover Oct 31 Wilks & Chapman, Gt Grimsby
BARNES, MARY, Abington, Lancs Nov 5 Watkins & Co, Abington
BIGGS, THOMAS WILLIAM, Moseley, Worcester Oct 31 Hadley & Dain, Old Jewry chambers
BILLINGS, JANE T, St Mary Cray, Kent Nov 3 Willett & Lister, Brixley
BLANCHARD, WILLIAM DODDS, Scarborough, Marine Engineer Oct 31 Bedwell, Scarborough
BLYTH THOMAS WALTER, Felsted, Essex Nov 1 Poole & Robinson, Old Broad st
BROWN, TOM NAYLOR, Bolton, Bradford, Iron Merchant Nov 1 Spencer & Co, Keighley
CHAPMAN, MICHAEL, Bransford, Yorks, Farmer Nov 30 Robinson & Sheffield, Beverley
CHICHESTER, CHARLES ACKERLEY WINNIFRED, Gillingham, Dorset Oct 31 Caprons & Co, Savile Pl, Conduit st
CHINRICK, ELIZABETH, Bristol Nov 15 Cook, Bristol
COCKBAIN, JOHN, Preston, Advertising Agent Nov 3 Pushaw & Parker, Preston

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, OCT. 3.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

BRANAN, SIDNEY HENRY, West Hartlepool, Manageris Proprietor Durham Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
BULLING, THOMAS WILLIAM, Barnoldswick, Yorks, Draper's Assistant Barnoldswick Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
BURNETT, FRANCIS HENRY, Southampton, Fork Butcher Portsmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
COHEN, A., Commercial rd, Merchant High Court Pet Sept 16 Ord Sept 29
DALTON, LEONARD, Canford, Greenwich Pet Sept 1 Ord Sept 30
FERGUSON, GEORGE GUNNIE, Hampstead High Court Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 30
HERTAGH, JOHN & SIBBOTT, Dover, Grocer Canterbury Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 27
HOLT, ANSEL FRANCIS, Gillingham, Gt Yarmouth, Carter's agent Gt Yarmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
JOYCE, JAMES SMITH, Maken, Brewer High Court Pet Aug 27 Ord Sept 29
LINT, HENRY PRICE, Burslem, Staffs, Labourer Hanley Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
MCNEILL DONALD TORQUIL, Corby, Northampton, Estate Agent Northampton Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MARTIN, FREDERICK DIXON, Walton on the Wolds, Leicestershire, Cattle Merchant Leicester Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MATTHEWS, HENRY, Leeds, Electric Tram Driver Leeds Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MEAD, ANSEL, and WALTER JOSEPH BURTON, Chesham, Bucks. Builders Aylesbury Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MORRILL, JAMES YARDLEY, Redditch, Worcs, Needle Maker Birmingham Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
NORMAN, JAMES, Letch, Florist Derby Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
FRANKSON, THOMAS, New Clothorpes, Labourer Gt Grimsby Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
PERRINGTON, HENRY, Stanningley, Yorks, Plumber Bradford Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1

PHILLIPS, WALTER, Cottenham, Cambridge, Basket Maker Cambridge Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
PITMAN, WILLIAM ISIDORE, Manchester, Tailor Manchester Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
PODMORE, JOHN, French Lock, nr Wellington, Ss'op, Grocer Macclesfield Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
RICHARDS, HENRY GEORGE, Ilkeston, Corn Dealer Derby Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
RIDDITT, WILLIAM JOHN, Ryde, I of W, Jeweller Newport Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
SAYERS, JOHN READ, Tuff Monks, Norfolk, Farmer Gt Yarmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
SEAMAN, J., Mammerssmith, Tobaccoist High Court Pet Sept 24 Ord Oct 1
SHAW, ALFRED, Bruce grove, Tottenham, Ladies' Tailor High Court Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
SHAW, JOHN FRYER, Darlington, Innkeeper Stockton on Tees Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
SPRICE, THOMAS, Lambourn, Berks, Farmer Newbury Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27
STACEY, FREDERICK THOMAS, Fowey, Cornwall, Licensed Victualler Truro Pet Sept 18 Ord Sept 30
SUFFLETT, ROBERT, Scarborough, Commissioner Agent Scarborough Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
WARLOW, JOHN, Milford Haven, Pembroke, Grocer Pembroke Dock Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
WATT, JAMES WILLIAM, Balham, Carver Wandsworth Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
WERN, DAVID RANDOLPH, Wootton, Berks, Farmer Oxford Pet Sept 17 Ord Sept 27
WILLIAMS, WINIFRED, Leytonstone, Provision Dealer High Court Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
WOOD, RICHARD STUCKEY, Stonycroft, Liverpool Liverpool Pet Sept 10 Ord Sept 29
WOOD, ALBERT EDWARD, Wickham, Hants, Market Gardener Portsmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

FIRST MEETINGS.

AARON, GEORGE, Beeston Hill, Leeds Oct 10 at 3 Off Rec, 6, Bond st, Wakefield
ANTOLIFF, WILLIAM HENRY, Newark on Trent, Publican Oct 15 at 11 Off Rec, 4, Castle pl, Park st, Nottingham

COLLISON, THOMAS BERNARD, Baling Oct 31 Canrons & Co, Conduit st
COOK, WILLIAM, Bradford Nov 3 Boarder, Bradford
COOPER, WILLIAM, Aintree, Liverpool Nov 1 Thompson & Co, Birkenhead
COURT, MARY ANN, Nether Wallop, nr Stockbridge Oct 14 Footner, Andover
CRANE, MARY ANN, Forest Gate, Essex Oct 15 Miller & Co, Walter's Hall et
CROAD, GEORGE HECTOR, Bedford av Nov 15 Rye & Eyre, Golden sq
CROSBY, HANE, Hensley in Arden, Draper Nov 30 Eley & Atkins, Birmingham
CUTSON, GEORGE, Woodliff, Pines Oct 31 Bastall & Co, Gt Birmingham
DAVISON, RICHARD, Gt Driffield, York Nov 30 Foster & Co, Gt Driffield
FAVILL, WILLIAM FREDERICK, "Sandhurst," nr Tunbridge Wells Nov 15 Fisher, Lincoln's Inn fields
FURNES, MARY WOODWILL, Willenden Oct 31 Stones & Co, Finsbury circus
FURNES, MATTHEW THOMAS BLADEN, Willenden Oct 31 Stones & Co, Finsbury circus
FURNES, SARAH REBECCA, Willenden Oct 31 Stones & Co, Finsbury circus
HAROLD, MARY, Brixton Nov 10 Boys & Son, Brixton
HARRISON, WILLIAM, Rensworth on Tees, Durham Oct 1 Wooler & Wooler, Darlington
HARRARD, MARIANNE, Hardley cres, Earl's Court Nov 1 Littledale & Lefroy, King's Bench walk, Temple
HAYTON, JOHN, Langwathby, Cumberland Nov 10 Bleyaere & Shepherd, Penrith
HELLINGS, ROBERT WINTLE, Cheltenham Oct 31 Steel, Cheltenham
HETWOOD, EDWARD, Oldham, Waste Dealer Nov 1 Clark & Co, Oldham
HIDDLESTON, JAMES, Newcastle upon Tyne Nov 3 Cooper & Goodger, Newcastle upon Tyne
HIRD, WILLIAM, Wyke, nr Bradford, Cloth Manufacturer Nov 1 Spencer & Co, Keighley
ION, REBECCA, Newcastle upon Tyne Nov 1 Joel & Parsons, Newcastle upon Tyne
NICHOLSON, JOHN, Brampton, nr Appleby, Farmer Oct 30 Arnison & Co, Penrith
LAWTON, HARRIET, Old Nunthorpe, York Nov 1 Brown & Elmhurst, York
LAWTON, WILLIAM, Old Nunthorpe, York Nov 1 Brown & Elmhurst, York
LESTER, JANE, Llandudno Nov 1 Chamberlain & Johnson, Llandudno
LINDSEY, FREDERICK HENRY, North Ormsby, Middlesbrough Nov 1 Hardy, Middlesbrough
LOEFFE, ANTON, Haggenschwyl, St Gallen, Switzerland Dec 6 Hanson & Bennett, Haggerston et Willsie
MOTT, FRANCIS DELAMOTTE, Crouch End Nov 29 Grundy & Co, Queen Victoria st
PARIENTE LITA, Hyde Park Nov 15 Hinds, Gresham st
PATRICK, EMILY SUSAN, Sydenham Hill Nov 6 Minchin & Co, Laurence Pountney ln
PORTER REGINALD WHITWORTH, Alresford Nov 5 Julius & Thomas, Finsbury circus
POWELL, GEORGE HARRY, Onslow sq, South Kensington Nov 1 Rose & Co, Delahay st, Westminster
REILL, JAMES ARTHUR, Tunbridge Wells Nov 12 Bastall, London Wall
ROSE, ALICE, Southport Oct 27 Frodham, St Helens
ROSE, JOHN, Southport Oct 27 Frodham, St Helens
SALWAY, ALFRED, Overton, Salop Nov 10 Weyman & Weyman, Ludlow, Salop
SPENCER, JOHN SKELMERSDALE, Lancs, Greenrover Nov 17 Parr & Co, Ormskirk
STANLEY, HARRIET, Worcester Oct 29 Southall & Co, Worcester
STOCKDALE, ARTHUR, Grimsby, Outfitter Oct 31 Wilks & Chapman, Gt Grimsby
THOMAS, JAMES, Birkenhead, Draper Oct 15 Lees, Birkenhead
THOMPSON, WILLIAM GOODE, Yorks Oct 15 Everitt & Silvester, Goole
WALKER, EMMA ANN EDWARDS, Nottingham Dec 1 Carter, Nottingham
WILKES, SAMUEL JAMES, Frabara, Victoria, Australia Nov 1 Light & Galbraith, Victoria st, Westminster
WATTS, HENRY WILLIAM, Highbury Nov 8 Lyne & Holman, Gt Winchester st
WATTS, JAMES BUNTING, Wymondham, Norfolk, Merchant Oct 31 Newton, Wymondham
WHITLEY, ANDREW, Kingdon Hill, Surrey Nov 1 Reynolds & Co, Kingdon on Thames
WHITLEY, THOMAS, Normanton Oct 15 Burton, Wakefield
WILLIAMS, EVAN, Llandudno Nov 1 Chamberlain & Johnson, Llandudno
YULE, ANDREW, Gt Winchester st, Merchant Nov 30 Sanderson & Co, Queen Victoria st

WARNING TO INTENDING HOUSE PURCHASERS AND LESSEES.—Before purchasing or renting a house, even for a short occupation, it is advisable to have the Drains and Sanitary Arrangements independently Tested and Reported upon. For terms apply to The Sanitary Engineering Co. (H. Carter, C.E., Manager), 65, Victoria-street, Westminster. Established 27 years. Telegrams: Sanitation, London. Telephone: 316 Westminster.—[ADVT.]

ANTHONY, HENRY, Preston, Innkeeper Oct 10 at 3 Off Rec, Chapel st, Preston
BAXENDALE, THOMAS, Bolton, Provision Dealer Oct 10 at 3 19, Exchange st, Bolton
BENTLEY, EDWARD, Kirkstall, Leeds, Butcher Oct 13 at 11 Off Rec, 24, Park row, Leeds
BOWER, WILLIAM ROBINSON, Manchester, Printer Oct 10 at 4.50 Off Rec, Byrom st, Manchester
BROWN, ALBERT, Kingstonsley, Glas, Innkeeper Oct 11 at 13 Off Rec, Station rd, Gloucester
BROWN, GEORGE CONRAD WILK, Banforth, nr Liverpool, Clear Importer Oct 15 at 12.30 Off Rec, 35, Victoria st, Liverpool
BROWN, JOHN, Croydon, Carter Oct 13 at 12 24, Railway app, London Bridge
BUCKNALL, JOSEPH ALFRED, Sefton Park, Liverpool, Cotton Merchant Oct 10 at 3 Off Rec, Byrom st, Manchester
BUTLER, WILLIAM THOMAS, jun, Wolverhampton, Cab Proprietor Oct 13 at 11.30 Off Rec, Wolverhampton
CAVE, CHARLES, Leicester, Boot Manufacturer Oct 10 at 12.30 Off Rec, 1, Beridge st, Leicester
CAVILL JOHN WILLIAM, Bramley, nr Motherham, Labourer Oct 10 at 12 Off Rec, Fgure ln, Sheffield
COHEN, A., Commercial rd, Merchant Oct 14 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
CHAPMAN, HARRY, Headingly, Leeds, Mechanic Oct 10 at 1 Off Rec, 24, Park row, Leeds
DILLISTON, FRANK WILLIAM, Canterbury, Jeweller Oct 16 at 11.30 Off Rec, 44, Castle st, Canterbury
DYKE, BENJAMIN JOHN, Sutton Coldfield, Builder Oct 14 at 11 174, Corporation st, Birmingham
EDGE, JOSEPH, Wolverhampton, Staffs Oct 13 at 11.30 Off Rec, Newcastle, Staffs
HOWARDS, JANE CHAMLOTTE, Hucknall Torkard, Notts, Furniture Dealer Oct 13 at 13 Off Rec, 4, Castle pl, Park st, Nottingham
FERGUSON, GEORGE GUNNIE, Hampstead Oct 13 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
FINNEMAN, JAMES, Gateshead, Grocer Oct 10 at 11.30 Off Rec, 30, Mosley st, Newcastle on Tyne
FRANKLIN, WALTER EDWIN, Piddington, Oxford, Farmer Oct 10 at 11 1, St Aldates, Oxford

GARDAM, WILLIAM DENTON, Kingston upon Hull, Teacher Oct 10 at 11 Off Rec, Trinity House Hull
GLYNNER, SAMUEL, Aberystwyth, Licensed Victualler Oct 11 at 11 Town hall Aberystwyth
HERITAGE, JOHN ASCROFT, Dover, Grocer Oct 16 at 9.30 Off Rec, 68, Castle st, Canterbury
HILL, JEREMIAH, Stourbridge, Ironplate Worker Oct 10 at 12 Off Rec, 199, Wolverhampton st, Dudley
HILL, S. R., Westcliff on Sea, Essex Oct 16 at 11 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
JACOBS, DAVID HENRY, Pinesbury, Glass Manufacturer Oct 14 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
JOHNSTONE, JOHN WILLIAM, New Cleethorpes, Fish Merchant Oct 10 at 11 Off Rec, 15, Osborne st, Gt Grimsby
JONES, THOMAS EDWARD, Morriston, Swansea Oct 10 at 19 Off Rec, 81, Alexandra rd, Swansea
KENNELL, ROBERT, North Wootton, Dorset, Licensed Victualler Oct 10 at 120 Mermaid Hotel, Yeovil
MARPER, FREDERICK DIXON, Walton on the Wolds, Leicester, Cane Merchant Oct 10 at 9 Off Rec, 1, Berridge st, Leicester
MARTIN, JAMES, Brighton, Boarding house Keeper Oct 16 at 10.30 Off Rec, 4, Pavilion bldg, Brighton
MATTHEWS, HENRY, Leeds, Electric Tram Driver Oct 10 at 12 Off Rec, 24, Park row, Leeds
MORGAN, F. MURRAY, Wolverhampton, Engineer Oct 13 at 12 Off Rec, 10, Wolverhampton
NEWING, GOLDEN EDWARD, Milford Haven, Pembroke, Grocer Oct 14 at 11 Off Rec, 4, Queen st, Carmarthen
OATWAY, WILLIAM PALMER, Marston Magna, Somerset, Farmer Oct 10 at 1 Mermaid Hotel, Yeovil
PENROSE, WOOD & CO, Liverpool, Produce Brokers Oct 15 at 12 Off Rec, 35, Victoria st, Liverpool
PINK, CLEMENT PETERS, Hasbourns, Draper Oct 10 at 2.30 Golden & Sons, Seaside rd, Southbourne
PLAYFOOT, WILLIAM COPPIN, Lamberhurst, Kent, Jobmaster Oct 10 at 230 Mr J J Parris, 65, High st, Tunbridge Wells
POWELL, ROBERT, Abertillery, Cycle Repairer Oct 10 at 8 195, High st, Merthyr Tydfil
RICH, JOHN, Cardiff, Wheelwright Oct 10 at 12 Off Rec, 117, St Mary's st, Cardiff
RIDDITT, WILLIAM JOHN, Ryde, I of W, Jeweller Oct 13 at 8 Off Rec, 19, Quay st, Newport, I of W
ROBERTS, MARY, Bethesda, Carnarvon, Draper Oct 14 at 12 Crypt chmbrs, Eastgate row, Chester
SEAMAN, J., Hammersmith, Tobaccoist Oct 14 at 11 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
SHAW, ALFRED, Tottenham, Ladies' Tailor Oct 13 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
SHEPHERD, JOHN, Postvermymer, Fretter Oct 10 at 12.30 Off Rec, 117, St Mary's st, Cardiff
SIGGERS, WILLIAM HORATIO, Ramsgate, Musical Director Oct 16 at 9 Off Rec, 68, Castle st, Canterbury
SUFLEET, ROBERT, Scarborough, Commission Agent Oct 10 at 11.30 74, Newborough, Scarborough
THOMAS, FREDERICK, Wandsworth rd, Coal Merchant Oct 15 at 11.30 24, Railway app, London Bridge
THOMPSON, WILLIAM, Wallaseid, Coal Merchant Oct 10 at 12 16 Off Rec, 30, Mosley st, Newcastle on Tyne
WALTON, GEORGE, Blacking, Blacksmith Oct 10 at 12 Off Rec, 8 Albert rd, Middlesbrough
WEAVER, JOHN, Bury St Edmunds, Clothier Oct 10 at 2 Off Rec, 38, Princess st, Ipswich
WILLIAMS, WINIFRED, Leytonstone, Provision Dealer Oct 14 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st

NEW FIRST MEETING.

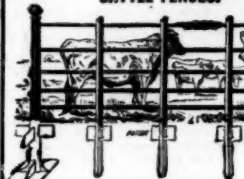
PILLING, JOHN ROBERT, Arundel st, Strand Oct 15 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st

ADJUDICATIONS.

BLESSET, WALTER, and HENRY DANGERFIELD, Sheffield Furnishers Sheffield Pet Aug 25 Ord Sept 29
BRAMAH, SYDNEY, West Hartlepool, Menagerie Proprietor Durham Pet Aug 30 Ord Oct 3
BULLING, THOMAS WILLIAM, Barnoldswick, Yorks, Draper's Assistant Bradford Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
BUSBY, FRANCIS HENRY, Southsea, Fork Butcher Portsmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
DAVIS, LOUIS LYNNE, Camondury High Court Pet Aug 29 Ord Sept 29
FRANKLIN, WALTER EDWIN, Tiddington, Oxford, Farmer Aylesbury Pet Sept 23 Ord Sept 29
GLYNNER, SAMUEL, Aberystwyth, Licensed Victualler Aberystwyth Pet Sept 23 Ord Sept 29
GOLDSTONE, LAURENCE PRINCE, Old Broad st High Court Pet June 11 Ord Sept 30
HOLT, ABEL FRANCIS, Gorleston, St Yarmouth, Carter's Agent St Yarmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
KING, HARRY RICHARD, Bury St Edmunds, Builder Bury St Edmunds Pet Sept 12 Ord Sept 29
LINTOTT, CHARLES, Upper Norwood, Butcher Croydon Pet Sept 19 Ord Sept 24
LUNT, HENRY PRICE, Burslem, Staffs, Labourer Hanley Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
MCNEILL, DONALD TORQUEL, Corby, Northampton, Estate Agent Northampton Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MARPER, FREDERICK DIXON, Walton on the Wolds, Leicester, Cane Merchant Leicester Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MATTHEWS, HENRY, Leeds, Electric Tram Driver Leeds Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MEAD, ABEL, and WALTER JOSEPH BURTON, Chesham, Bucks, Builders Aylesbury Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
MORRILL, JAMES YARDLEY, Redditch, Worcester, Needle Maker Birmingham Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
NORMAN, JOSEPH, Derby, Florist Derby Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
PEARSON, THOMAS, New Cleethorpes, Labourer Gt Grimsby Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
PERRINGTON, HENRY, Stanningley, Yorks, Plumber Bedford Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
PHILLIPS, WALTER, Cottenham, Cambridge, Basket Maker Cambridge Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
FISHER, WILLIAM LEONOR, Manchester, Tailor Manchester Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
PLAYFOOT, WILLIAM COPPIN, Lamberhurst, Kent, Jobmaster Tunbridge Wells Pet Sept 18 Ord Oct 1

BAYLISS' FOR FENCING.

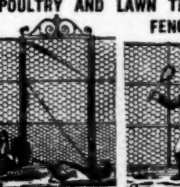
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VICTORIA WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON

POWELL, AGNES E., Cardiff, Hardware Factor Cardiff Pet Aug 29 Ord Sept 29
RICHARDS, HENRY GEORGE, Ilkerton, Hay Dealer Derby Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
RIDDITT, WILLIAM JOHN, Ryde, I of W, Jeweller Newport Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
ROWLAND, CHARLES JOHN, Croydon Croydon Pet Sept 22 Ord Sept 25
SAYES, JOHN READ, Toft Monks, Norfolk, Farmer Gt Yarmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29
SHAW, ALFRED, Tottenham, Ladies' Tailor High Court Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
SEAW, JOHN FRYER, Dartington, Tankkeeper Stockton on Tees Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
SUFLEET, ROBERT, Scarborough, Commission Agent Scarborough Pet Sept 31 Ord Sept 30
THOMAS, FREDERICK, Wandsworth rd, Coal Merchant Wandsworth Pet Aug 29 Ord Sept 30
WALTON, JOHN, Milford Haven, Pembroke, Grocer Pembroke Dock Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
WATT, JAMES WILLIAM, Balham, Carver Wandsworth Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
WILLIAMS, WINIFRED, Leytonstone, Provision Dealer High Court Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
WOODS, ALBERT EDWARD, Wickham, Wanta, Market Gardener Portsmouth Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, Oct. 7.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

BALDWIN, WYNDHAM STUART CORNO, Newport, Mon., Painter Newport, Mon. Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
BARTLETT, CHARLES GEORGE, Bridgewater, Painter Bridgewater Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
BAXTER, JOHN, sen., and JOHN BAXTER, jun., Abbey Town, Cumberland, Farmers Carlisle Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
CALDWELL, JOHN, Bolton, Coal Dust Manufacturer Bolton Pet Sept 15 Ord Oct 1
COURT, RUPERT SIDNEY, Ripley, Derby, Jeweller Derby Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 2
DAVIES, A. E., Bolton, Plumber Bolton Pet Sept 15 Ord Oct 1
DUNSDON, ERNEST FREDERICK, Richmond, Carman Brentford Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
HOWARD, CHARLES JAMES, Borough rd, Publican High Court Pet Sept 5 Ord Oct 3
GIBBS & BOSS, Richmond rd, Earl's Court, Family Butchers High Court Pet Sept 18 Ord Oct 3
GILBERT, FREDERICK, Leeds, Baker Leeds Pet Sept 11 Ord Oct 1
GRAY, F. R., Queen Victoria st High Court Pet Sept 17 Ord Oct 3
GULLIFORD, EDWARD, Cardiff, Newsagent Cardiff Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 3
HARRIS, JOHN, Ogmore, Glam, Builder Cardiff Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1

JORDAN, WILLIAM JONES, King's Heath, Worcester, Plumber Birmingham Pet Oct 4 Ord Oct 4
LAWRENCE, JAMES, Putham, Cabinet Maker High Court Pet Oct 4 Ord Oct 4
LEWIS, DAVID, Aberdare, Haulier Aberdare Pet Oct 4 Ord Oct 4
LONG, WILLIAM CHARLES, and FREDERICK GEORGE LONG, Llanochter, Mon., Wheelwrights Tredegar Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
LONGDIN, FREDERICK, Sheffield, Painter Sheffield Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
MAWDSLEY, JOHN, Barrow in Furness, Labourer Barrow in Furness Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
MURKIN, ALFRED, Shrewsbury, Baker Shrewsbury Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
NICHOLLS, FLORENCE ADELAIDE, Newport, Mon., Groom Newport, Mon. Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
NORTHAM, PERRY OUTHURST, Wootton under Edge, Assistant Schoolmaster Gloucester Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
PARKER, JOHN, Rochdale, Coal Merchant Rochdale Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
PAYET, GEORGE EDWARD, Stamhall, Portsmouth, Carpenter Portsmouth Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
PHILLIPSON, HARRISON, Salford, Yorks, Grocer Bradford Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
SARGANT, WILLIAM, Bredbury, Cheshire, Ballastman Stockport Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
SAUNDERS, JOSEPH, Whitstable, Grocer Canterbury Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
SHEARING, ALFRED, Billadon, Leicester, Licensed Victualler Leicester Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
SILVERTHORPE, MAXWELL GEORGE HENRY, Gray's Inn rd, Grocer High Court Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
TAYLOR, WILLIAM WALTER, Watna, Lanes, Bread Dealer Liverpool Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 2
THOMPSON, JOHN WILLIAM WALLASEID, Northumberland, Fitter Newcastle on Tyne Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
THOMPSON, ROBERT COOPER, Wallaseid, Northumberland, Pattern Maker Newcastle on Tyne Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
TYLDERY, A. H., Willenden, Builder High Court Pet Sept 4 Ord Oct 2
VEHSE, EDGAR JOHN VICTOR, East Finchley, Artist Barnet Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
WATSON, J. YELLOLY, Copthall bldg, Stockjobber High Court Pet Sept 3 Ord Oct 2
WILKINSON, WILLIAM, Withernsea, Yorks, Coal Dealer Kingston upon Hull Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2

RECEIVING ORDER RESCINDED.

McNANE, JOHN, Liverpool, Grocer Liverpool Rec Ord Oct 27, 1900 Rec Oct 3, 1902

FIRST MEETINGS.

BRAMAH, SYDNEY HENRY, West Hartlepool, Menagerie Proprietor Oct 15 at 11 Off Rec, 28, John st, Sunderland

BULLING, THOMAS WILLIAM, Barnoldswick, Yorks, Draper's Assistant Oct 14 at 11 Off Rec, 31, Manor row, Bradford
 BURET, FRANCIS HENRY, Southsea, Pork Butcher Oct 14 at 4 Off Rec, Cambridge junc, Portsmouth
 CALDWELL, JOHN, Bolton, Coal Dust Manufacturer Oct 15 at 3 19, Exchange at Bolton
 DAVIES, A. E. Bolton, Plumber Oct 15 at 3 19, Exchange at Bolton
 EDMUNDS, THOMAS, Cardiff House Agent Oct 14 at 12 Off Rec, 117, S. Mary st, Cardiff
 HARRIS, HENRY, Birmingham, Brassfounder Oct 15 at 11 17A, Corporation st, Birmingham
 HOLLINWORTH, SAMUEL, Cleekeleston Oct 15 at 11 Off Rec, Byrom st, Manchester
 HUME, HENRY, Barnsbury, Milliner Oct 17 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 JACKSON, THOMAS HURD, Poplar, Builder Oct 17 at 2 30 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 JONES, JOHN WILLIAM, Whitlington, Salop, Farmer Oct 16 at 4 45 Queen's Hotel, Llanerby
 LAURENCE, DAVID, Perth, Glam., Fish Dealer Oct 14 at 12 136, High st, Merthyr Tydfil
 MOSS, JOSEPH, Kingsland, Dealer in Fancy Goods Oct 16 at 2 30 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 MUNSLOW, ALFRED, Shrewsbury, Baker and Confectioner Oct 15 at 11 30 Off Rec, 42, St John's hill, Shrewsbury
 NEMEROVSKY, JOSEPH MARK, Birmingham Oct 17 at 11 17A, Corporation st, Birmingham
 PENNINGTON, HENRY, Stanningley, Yorks, Plumber Oct 17 at 11 Off Rec, 31, Manor row, Bradford
 PHILLIPS, WALTER, Cottenham, Cambridge, Basket Maker Oct 15 at 10 30 Off Rec, 5, Petty Cur, Cambridge
 PHILLIPS, HARRISON, Salford, Yorks, Grocer Oct 17 at 11 30 Off Rec, 31, Manor row, Bradford
 PODMORE, JOHN, Trench Lock, nr Wellington, Salop, Grocer Nov 5 at 1 30 County Court Office, Madeley
 POTTER, JOSEPH, Birmingham, Ironfounder Oct 15 at 3 30 Off Rec, Bridge st, Northampton
 SARGANT, WILLIAM, Bredbury, Cheshire, Ballastman Oct 15 at 9 45 Off Rec, County chmbrs, Market pl, Stockport
 SAUNDERS, JOSEPH, Whitstable, Grocer Oct 16 at 12 Off Rec, 63, Castle st, Canterbury
 SILVERTHORPE, MAXWELL, GEORGE HENRY, Gray's inn rd, Grocer Oct 14 at 2 30 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 THOMPSON, JOHN WILLIAM, Walsend, Fitter Oct 14 at 11 30 Off Rec, 30, Mosley st, Newcastle on Tyne
 THOMPSON, ROBERT COOPER, Walsend, Pattern Maker Oct 14 at 11 30 Off Rec, 30, Mosley st, Newcastle on Tyne
 TILBURY, A. H., Willeiden, Builder Oct 20 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 WATSON, J. YELLOU, Ophthal bldg, St. Ch. jobber Oct 15 at 11 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 WELLS, CLEMENT, Birmingham, Auctioneer Oct 16 at 11 17A, Corporation st, Birmingham
 WOODS, ALBERT EDWARD, Wickham, Hants, Market Gardener Oct 14 at 3 Off Rec, Cambridge junc, Portsmouth

ADJUDICATIONS.

ABBOTT, WILLIAM, Bideford, Devon, Cabinet Maker Barnstaple Pet Feb 25 Ord Oct 3
 BALDWIN, WYNDHAM STUART, Newport, Mon, Painter Newport, Mon Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
 BARTLETT, CHARLES GEORGE, Bridgwater, Painter Bridgwater Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 BAXTER JOHN, sen, and JOHN BAXTER, jun, Abbey Town, Cumberland, Farmers Carlisle Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 CHRISTIE, EDWARD ARTHUR, Withington, nr Manchester, Stock Broker Manchester Pet Aug 2 Ord Sept 29
 CLARK, JAMES, Carlisle, Farmer Barmston in Furness Pet Sept 2 Ord Oct 2
 CLIFTON, WILLIAM JAMES, Oxford, Clerk Oxford Pet Sept 5 Ord Oct 4
 CONY, ABRAHAM, Commercial rd, Merchant High Court Pet Sept 6 Ord Oct 2
 DUNDON, ERNEST FREDERICK, Richmond, Carman Brentford Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
 FISHER, JAMES, Bensham, Gateshead, Grocer Newcastle on Tyne Pet Sept 25 Ord Oct 3
 GILBERT, FREDERICK, Leeds, Baker Leeds Pet Sept 11 Ord Oct 3
 BAKER, JOHN, Ogmore, Glam., Builder Cardiff Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
 HARRIS, HENRY, Birmingham, Brassfounder Birmingham Pet Sept 25 Ord Oct 3
 HUME, HENRY, Londonley st, Milliner High Court Pet Sept 27 Ord Oct 2
 HIDE, JAMES WITHINGTON, Manchester, Company Promoter Manchester Pet July 24 Ord Oct 2
 JONES, E. Senghennydd, Glam., Ironmonger Pontypool Pet May 14 Ord June 7
 JOYCE, JAMES SMITH, Brixton, Brewer High Court Pet Aug 21 Ord Oct 4
 KNOWLES, JAMES, Manchester, Printer's Engineer Manchester Pet Sept 19 Ord Sept 29
 LAURENCE, DAVID, Aberdare, Haulier Aberdare Pet Oct 4 Ord Oct 4
 LEFFERT, JOHN FOGGLES, Badminton, Bristol, Butcher Bristol Pet Sept 19 Ord Oct 2
 LONG, WILLIAM CHARLES, and FREDERICK GEORGE LONG, Llaniotheris, Mon, Wheelwrights Tredegar Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 LONGDIN, FREDERICK, Sheffield, Painter Sheffield Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 MANTON, JOHN, Basing in Furness, Labourer Barmston in Furness Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 MUNSLOW, ALFRED, Shrewsbury, Baker Shrewsbury Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 3
 NEMEROVSKY, JOSEPH MARK, Birmingham Birmingham Pet Sept 25 Ord Oct 3
 NORTON, FERCY COTTERY, Wotton under Edge, Glov. Assistant Schoolmaster Gloucester Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 OFFER, THOMAS WILLIAM, Shepherds Bush, Grocer High Court Pet Sept 9 Ord Oct 4
 PARKER, JOHN, Rochdale, Coal Merchant Rochdale Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3

PAVEY, GEORGE EDWARD, Portsmouth, Carpenter Portsmouth Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
 PHILLIPS, HARRISON, Salford, Yorks, Grocer Bradford Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 FITZGERALD, WILLIAM ISIDOR, Manchester, Tailor Manchester Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30
 PODMORE, JOHN, Trench Lock, nr Wellington, Salop, Grocer Madeley Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 4
 ROSE, MARY, ELLEN DENHAM ROSE, and ROBERT ALEXANDER ROSE, Romsey, Grocers Southampton Pet Aug 26 Ord Oct 4
 SARGANT, WILLIAM, Bredbury, Cheshire, Ballastman Stockport Pet Oct 1 Ord Oct 1
 SHEARING, ALFRED, Billesdon, Leicester, Licensed Victualler Leicester Pet Oct 3 Ord Oct 3
 TAYLOR, MARY, Peterborough, Licensed Victualler Peterborough Pet Sept 12 Ord Oct 1
 THOMPSON, JOHN WILLIAM, Walsend, Fitter Newcastle on Tyne Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
 THOMPSON, ROBERT COOPER, Walsend, Pattern Maker Newcastle on Tyne Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2
 THOMPSON, WILLIAM, Walsend, Coal Merchant Newcastle on Tyne Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 29
 WILKINSON, WILLIAM, Witham, Yorks, Coal Dealer Kingston upon Hull Pet Oct 2 Ord Oct 2

ADJUDICATIONS ANNULLED.

TAYLOR, HENRY, Devizes, Builder Bath Adjud June 20, 1900 Annual Sept 9, 1902
 McSHANE, JOHN, Liverpool, Grocer Liverpool Adjud Oct 29, 1900 Annual Oct 3, 1902

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